

KW5515 N300Mbps OpenWRT WiFi Router



Default Login Details

Login Address: www.mykasda.com

Login Password: Set up by users

Default Wi-Fi SSID: Kasda xxxx KW5515
(Printed on product label)

Default Wi-Fi Password: 12345678

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1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing our product. The KW5515 Wireless Router uses Open-WRT solution that fully complies with IEEE802.11b/g/n standards. It will provide your SOHO with convenient Internet.

1.1 Main Features

1.1.1 Wireless

Fully IEEE 802.11b /g /n compatible

Wireless data rate up to 300 Mbps

Operating in the unlicensed 2.4 GHz ISM band

Supports 64/128 bits WEP, WPA, WPA2, WPA/WPA2-PSK, 802.1x

1.1.2 Network Protocol and Features

Ethernet to modem Self-Learning Transparent Bridging

Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)

IP Static Routing

Routing Information Protocol (RIP, RIPv2)

Network Address Translation (NAT)

Virtual Server, Port Forwarding

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

DDNS

Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)

1.1.3 Firewall

Built-in NAT

Packet Filtering

Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Denial of Service Prevention (DoS)

1.1.4 Management Support

Web Based GUI

Upgrade or update via FTP/HTTP

Command Line Interface via Telnet

Diagnostic Test

Firmware upgrade-able for future feature enhancement

1.1.5 Operating System Support

WINDOWS 98/SE/ME/2000/XP/VISTA/7/8/8.1/10

Macintosh

LINUX

1.1.6 Environmental

Operating humidity: 10%-90% non-condensing

Non-operating storage humidity: 5%-95% non-condensing

1.2 Packet Contents


The packet contents are as the following:

Router	x 1
Power Adapter	x 1
Ethernet Cable	x 1
Quick Setup Guide	x 1

1.3 System Requirements

Broadband Internet Access Service (modem/Ethernet)

One Modem that has an RJ45 connector (which is not necessary if the Router is connected directly to the Ethernet)

PCs with a working Ethernet Adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors 

TCP/IP protocol on each PC

Web browser, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari

1.4 Factory Defaults

The device is configured with the following factory defaults:

Login Address: www.mykasda.com

Login password: Set up by users

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Wi-Fi SSID: Kasda XXXX KW5515

Default Wi-Fi Password: 12345678

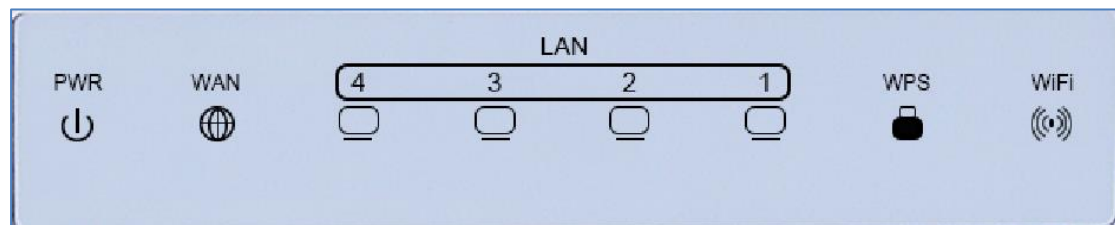
1.5 Warnings and Cautions

Never use the product near water.

To prevent dangerous overloading of the power circuit, be careful about the designed maximum power load ratings. Not to follow the rating guideline could result in a dangerous situation.

2 Hardware Description

Front Panel



LED	Color	Function
PWR	Blue	Off: Power Not Supplied On: Power Supplied
WAN\	Blue	On: The WAN port has detected a link with an attached device Blinking: Data is being transmitted or received by the WAN port Off: No WAN link via the WAN port
LAN	Blue	On: LAN link established and active via LAN port Blinking: Data activity occurs Off: No LAN link via LAN port
WiFi	Blue	On: The 2.4GHz wireless module is ready and idle Blinking: Data transmitting or receiving over WLAN Off: The 2.4GHz wireless function is off
WPS	Blue	On: WPS connection is established Blinking: : Data transmitting or receiving. Off: WPS function is off or no USB connection

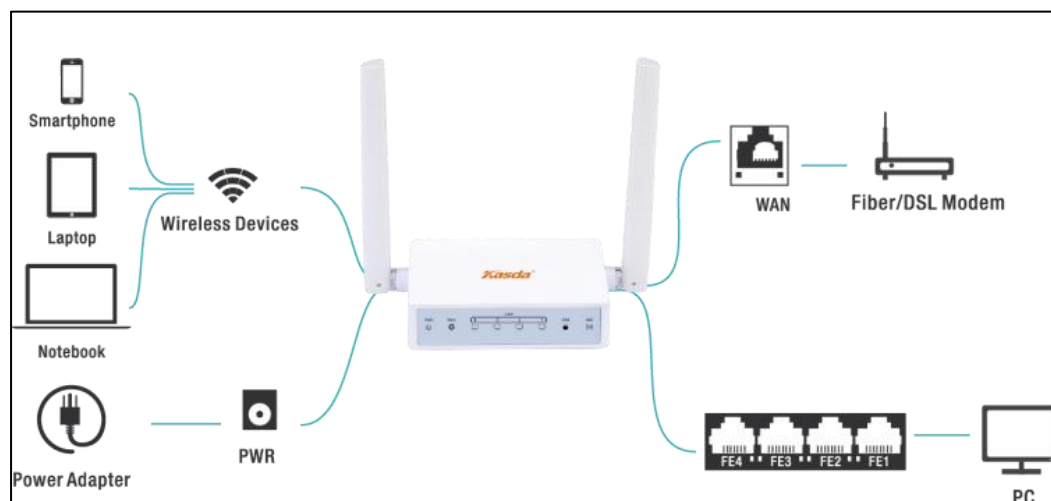
Rear panel

Port	Function
Power	Connect to the supplied power adapter
Ethernet1,2,3,4	Connect the device to your PC's Ethernet port, or to the uplink port on your hub/switch, using a RJ-45 cable
RESET	System reboot or reset to factory defaults
WPS	Turn on/off your WPS
INTERNET	Connect the device to a cable or modem

3 Hardware Installation

This chapter shows you how to connect Router. Meanwhile, it introduces the appropriate environment for the Router and installation instructions.

1. Using an Ethernet Cable to connect the WAN port of the ROUTER to a cable or modem.
2. Using an Ethernet Cable to connect the LAN port of the ROUTER to your LAN or a PC with network card installed.
3. Connect the power cable to the PWR connector on ROUTER, then plug in the power adapter to the AC power outlet, and then press the on-off button.



4 PC Configuration Guide

4.1 For windows 7

1. Click **"Start -> Control Panel-> Network and Internet -> View networks status -> Change adapter settings"**
2. Right-click **Wireless Network Connection**(or Local Area connection), and then click **Properties**.
3. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**, and then click **Properties**.
4. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS Server address automatically**. Then click OK.

4.2 For Windows 8

1. Move your mouse to the lower right corner and click the **Serch** icon in the popus.
2. Go to **Apps**, type **Control Panel** in the serche box and press enter.
3. Go to “**Control Panel -> View networks status-> Change adapter settings**”
4. Right-click **Ethernet**, select **Properties**, then double-click **internet protocol version 4(TCP/IPv4)**.
5. Select **Otain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS Server address automatically**. Then click OK.

4.3 For windows XP

1. Click “**Start**” -> **Control Panel** -> **Network and Internet Connection** -> **Network Connections**”
2. Right-click **Wireless Networks Connection** (or Local Area Connection), and then click **Properties**.
3. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**, and then click **Properties**.
4. Select **Otain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS Server address automatically**. Then click OK.

4.4 For Mac OS X

1. Click the **Apple** icon on the upper left corner of the screen.
2. Go to **System Preference** -> **Network**.
3. Select **Airport** on the left menu bar, and then click **Advanced** for wireless configuration; or select **Ethernet** for wired configuration,
4. In the **Configure IPv4** box under TCP/IP, select **Using DHCP**.
5. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

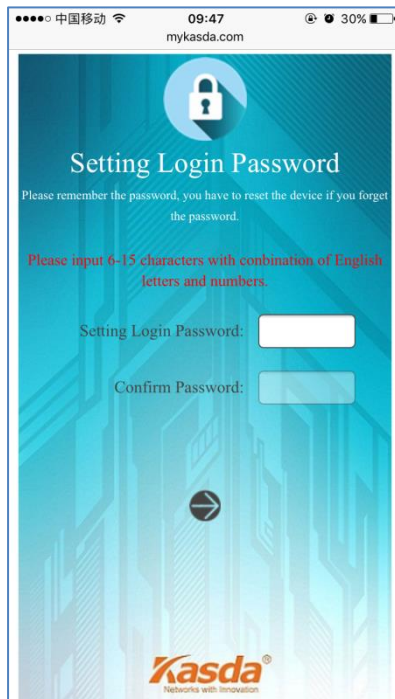
5 Quick Setup of the Router

In order to use the web-based management software, it will be necessary to use a computer or mobile phone which occupies the same subnet as the Router. The simplest way to do this for many users will be to use DHCP server that is enabled by default on the Router. Please make sure the wan connection is ok.

Setup Wizard will guide you through step-by-step process to configure your router and connect to the Internet.

5.1 Quick Setup of the Router via mobile phone

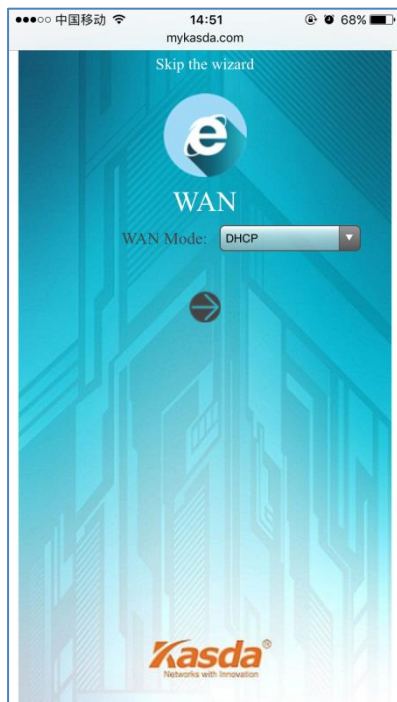
1. Connect your phone to router by using default WiFi network name and password, which are printed on product label at the bottom of the router.
2. Launch a browser on your phone to log in router with www.mykasda.com. Setup your initial login password and then click next button to continue.



3. Select the WAN Mode



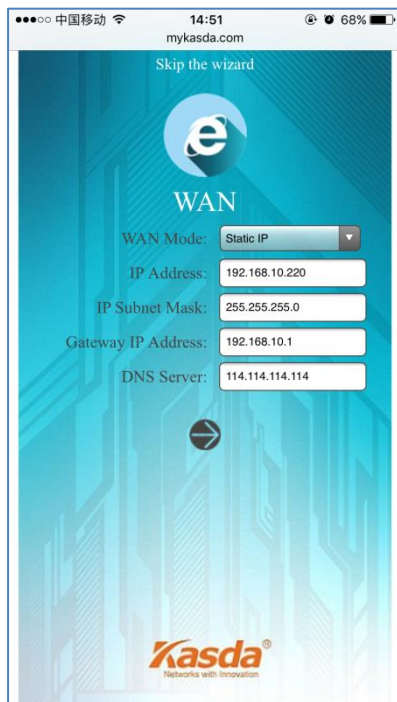
If you don't need any Internet connection information, choose "DHCP".



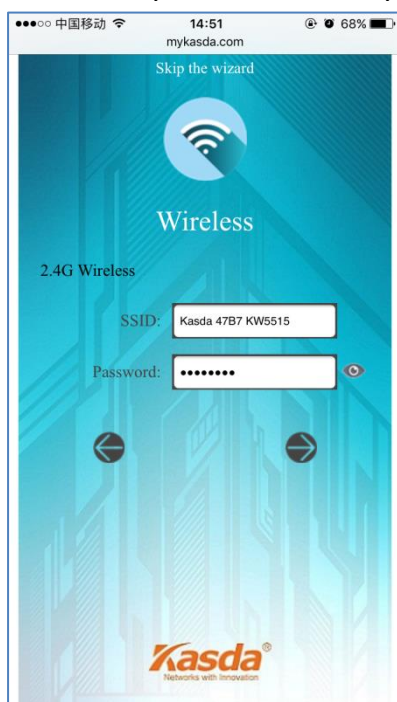
If your ISP gives you a PPP username and password for you, choose “PPPoE” and type in the username and password.



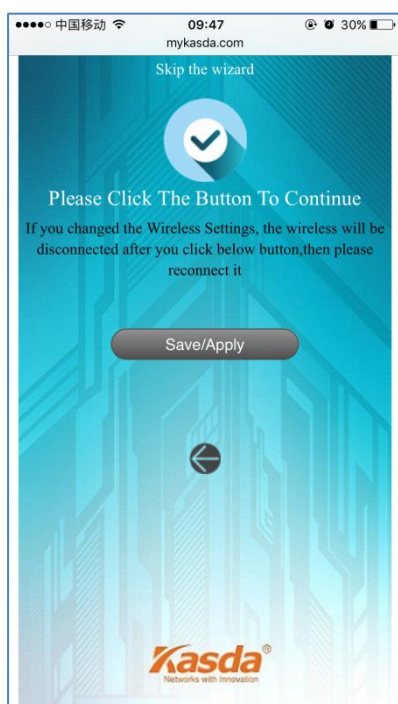
If you have a IP address to connect to the Internet, choose “Static IP” and type in the **IP Address, IP Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address** and **DNS Server**.



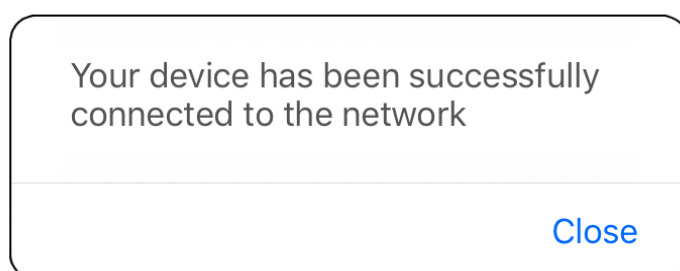
4. Setup your 2.4GHz SSID and password. On the following page, you can rename the SSID and change password or just let it be default. The default password is 12345678, you can check it by clicking the eye button.



5. Click **Save/Apply** and wait for changes to be applied.



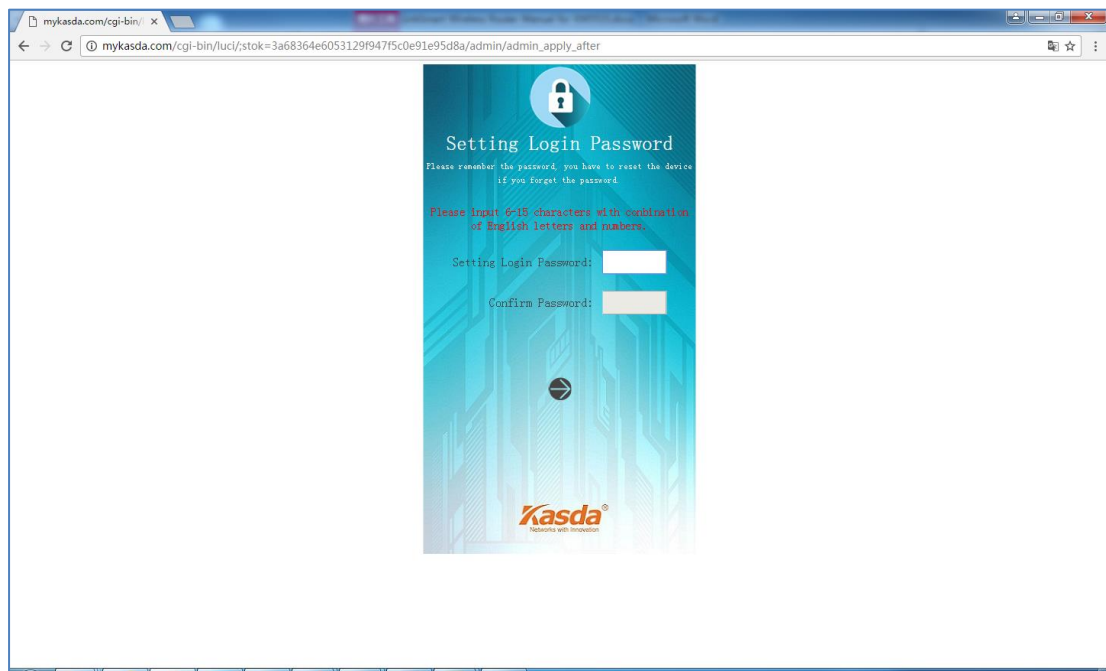
When it blows up the following tips, then you can connect your wired or wireless devices to the Internet.



Note: If you have changed your wireless network name and password, you must sign in with new SSID/password to regain access to the Internet.

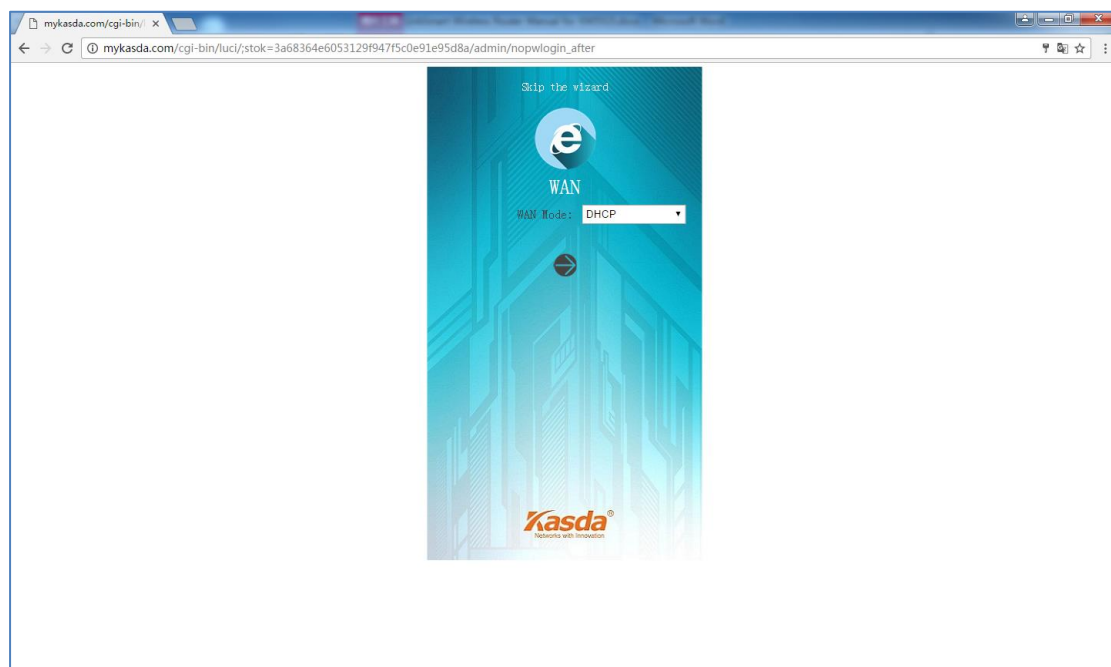
5.2 Quick Setup of router via PC

1. Connect your PC to router wired or wirelessly.
2. Launch a browser, such as Internet Explorer or Chrome, and then use www.mykasda.com to log on the web management page. Here please setup your initial login password. Then click next button to continue.

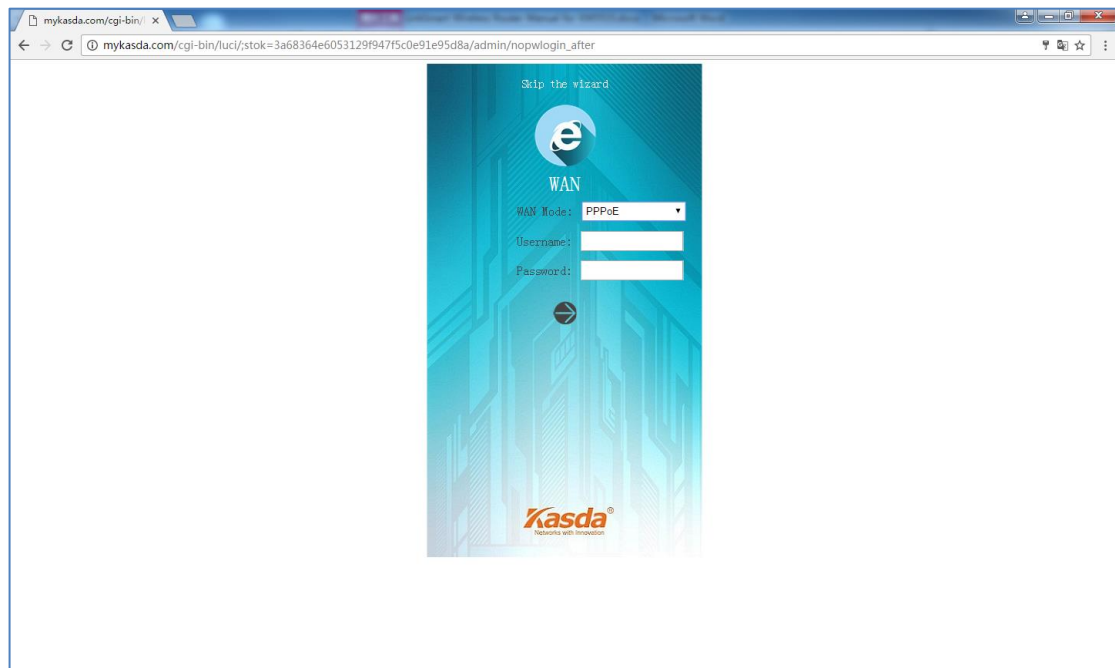


3. Set up your WAN Mode

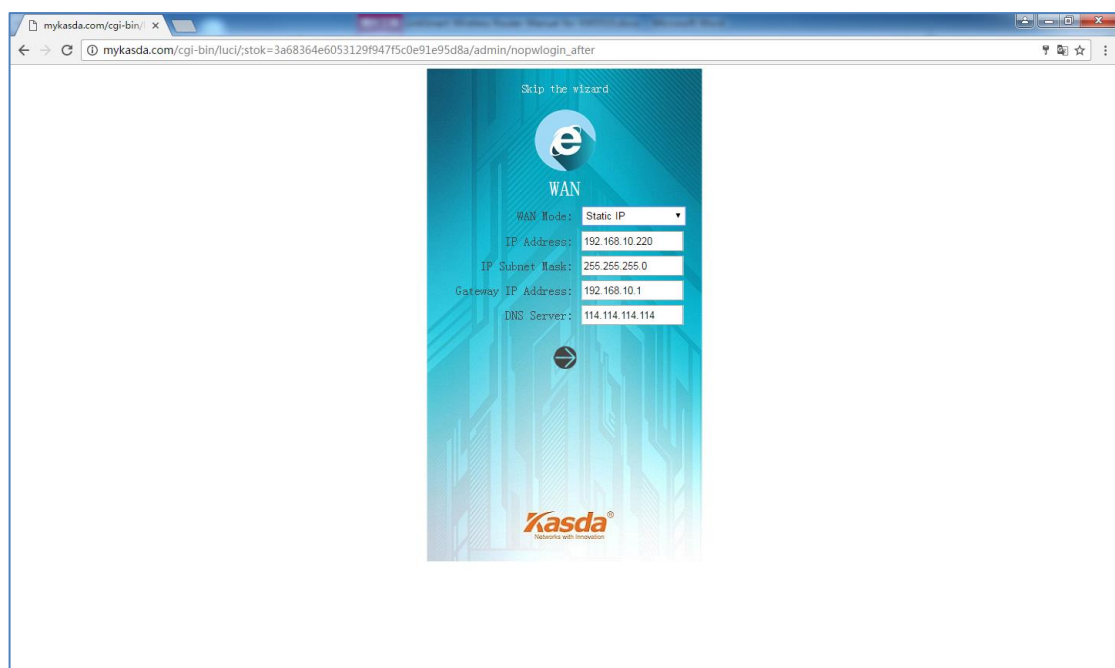
If you don't need any Internet connection information, choose "DHCP" as your WAN Mode.



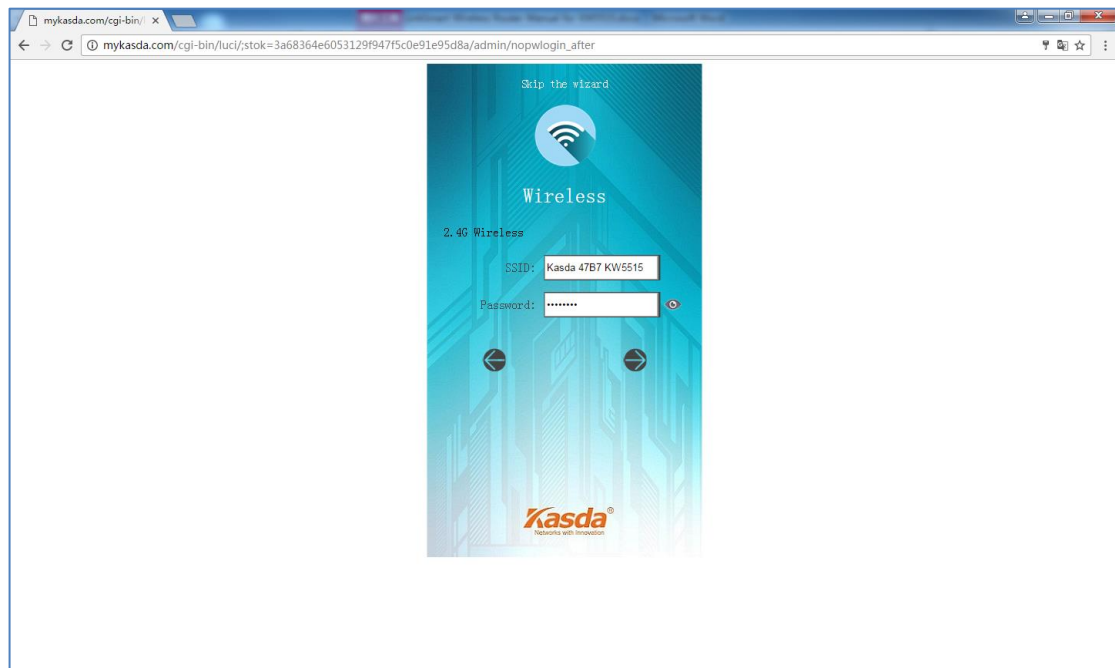
If your IPS gives you a PPP username and password, choose "PPPoE" as your WAN Mode and type in the username and password.



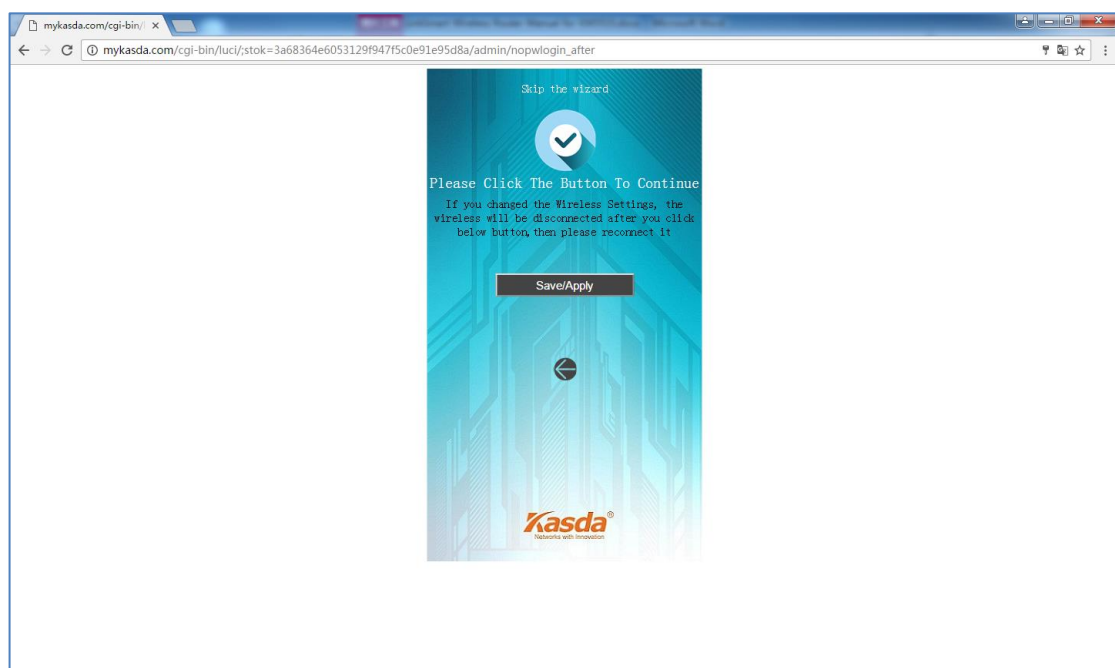
If you have an IP address to connect to the Internet, please choose “Static IP” as your WAN Mode and type in the IP Address, IP Subnet Mask, Gateway IP Address and DNS Server.



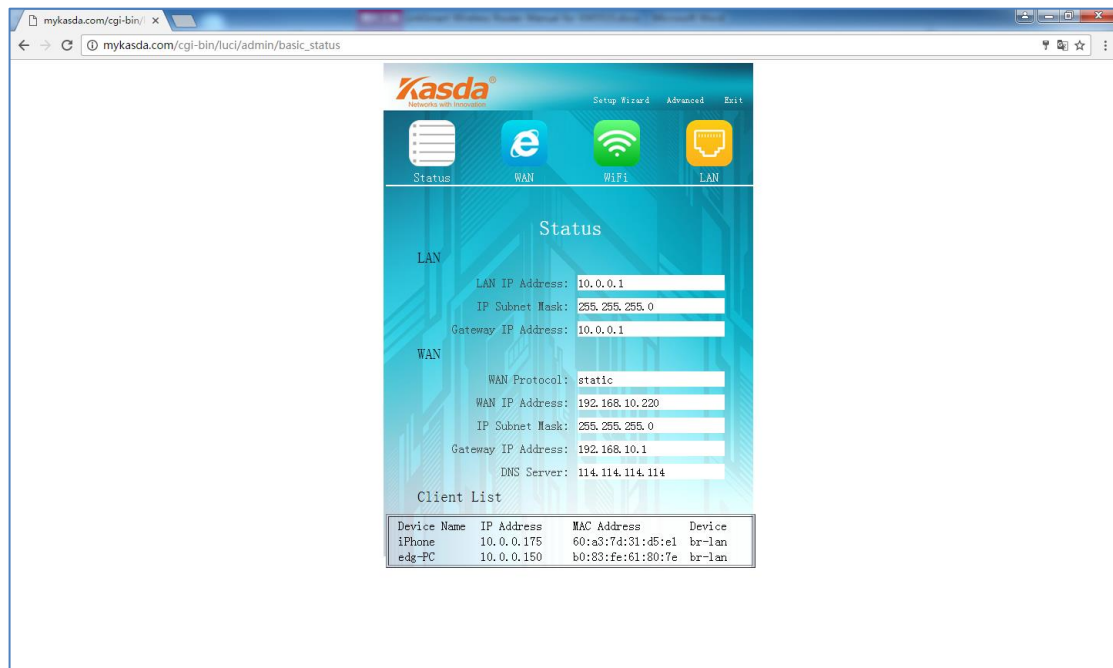
4. Set up your 2.4GHz SSID and password. Keep it as default or rename the SSID and change the password as you like.



5. Click Save/Apply to continue and wait for the changes to be applied.



After finish the Wizard Setup, you will enter the following page; here you can do a quick change to your WAN, WiFi and LAN.

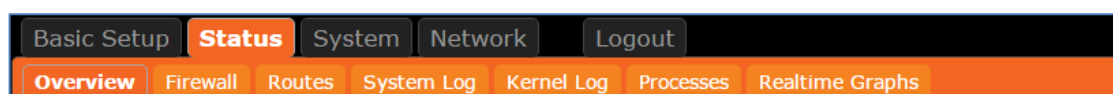


6 Web-based Advance Management Guide

This chapter will introduce how to configure your router advanced behind the advanced menu. There are four options: Status, System, Network and Logout.

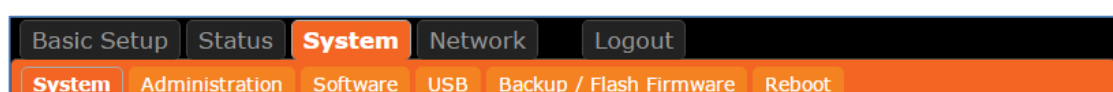
6.1. Status

Click **"Status"**, you will go to the device information page. The page displays the current status about **Overview, Firewall, Routes, System Log, Kernel Log, Processes and Real time Graphs.**



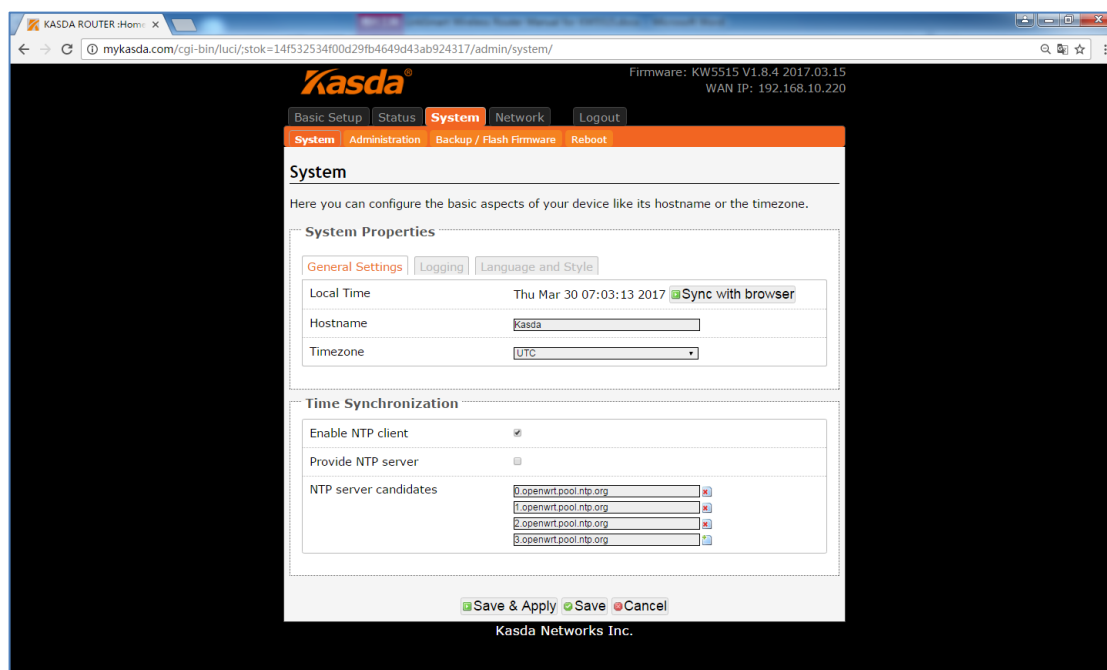
6.2. System

Click **"System"**, you will go the system page. In this page, there are six options: **System, Administration, Software, USB, Backup / Flash Firmware and Reboot.**



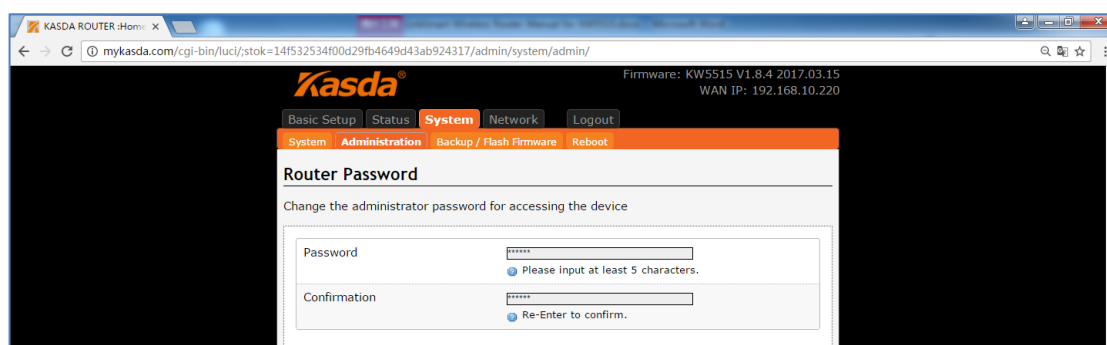
6.2.1 System

Here you can configure the basic aspects of your device like its hostname, time -zone, language and style.



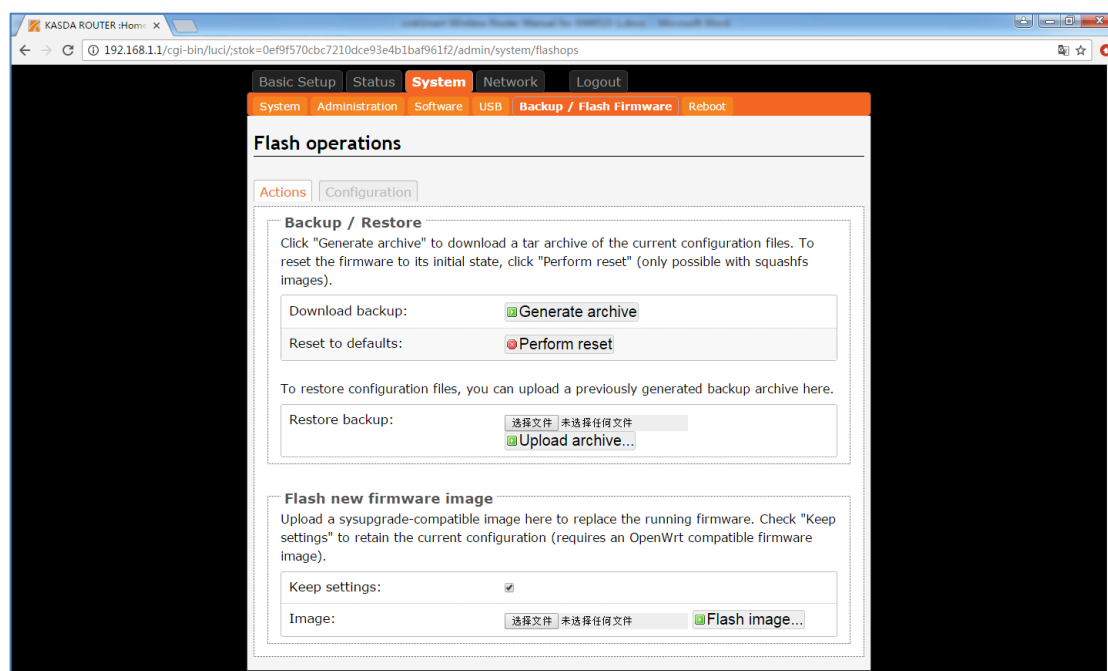
6.2.2 Administration

Click “**Administration**”, you will go to the **Router Password** page, and you can change the administrator password for accessing the device.



6.2.3 Backup / Flash Firmware

Click “**Backup / Flash Firmware**”, you will go to the **Flash operations** page. On this page, you can do the backup or update the firmware version of routers.



Generate archive is to download a tar archive of the current configuration files and save it for back up. You can save it onto another place such as your computer desktop.

Perform reset is to reset the router's firmware to its initial state. If you forget your router's web management login password, you can reset the router by performing reset.

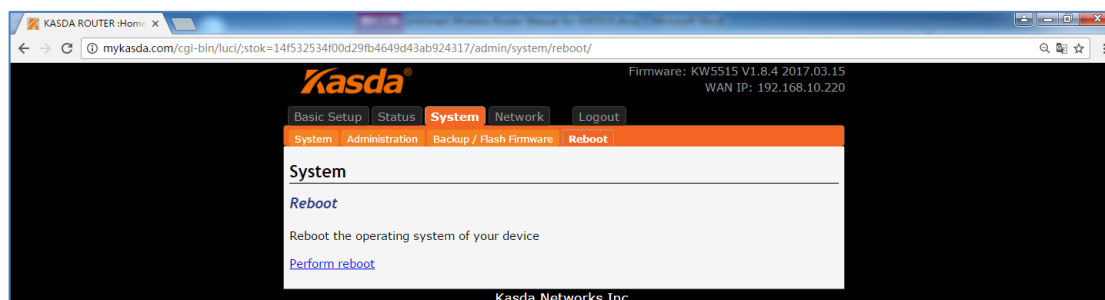
Upload archive is to restore the configuration files by upload a previously generated backup archive here.

Flash new firmware image is to upload or download a sys-upgrade compatible image here to replace the current running firmware. And if you want to retain the configuration before uploading or downloading, please check "Keep Settings". As for how to flash new firmware image, you need to choose the firmware you want to flash, and then click **Flash image** to wait for the flash finished. During this period, please do not power off the router.

6.2.4 Reboot

Click "**Reboot**", you will go the following page. Here is for rebooting the operating system of your device by clicking "**Perform reboot**".

When you reboot your router, the Internet connection will be lost until the process finished.

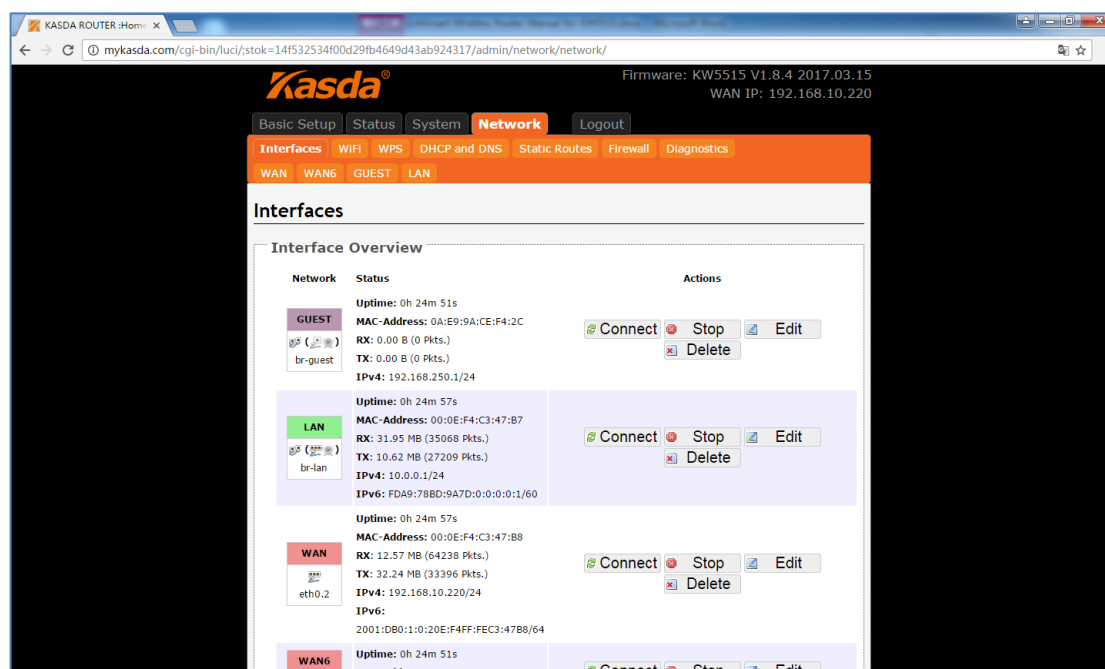


6.3. Network

6.3.1 Interfaces

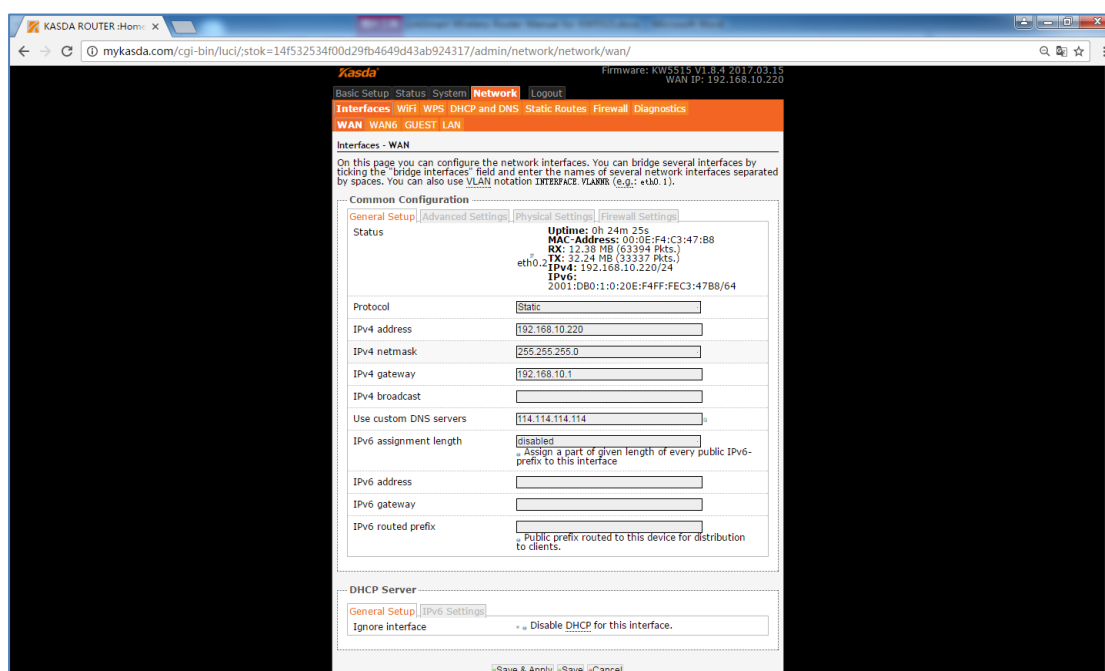
Click “**Interfaces**”, you can see the following page about the router’s interfaces, such as **WAN**, **WAN6**, **GUEST** and **LAN**.

On this page, you can overview the router’s interfaces status and do some modify actions to them, such as Connect, Stop, Edit and Delete.



Interface—WAN

Choose the WAN interface, and you will go to the common configuration such as General Setup, Advanced Settings, Physical Settings and Firewall Settings.



Wan Connection Protocol


1. DHCP

If you connect with a dynamic IP address or cable modem, keep the default: DHCP Protocol.

Common Configuration

General Setup
Advanced Settings
Physical Settings
Firewall Settings

Status



Uptime: 0h 0m 0s

MAC-Address: 00:0E:F4:FD:16:FE
eth0.2 **RX:** 1.21 MB (15555 Pkts.)
TX: 81.46 KB (241 Pkts.)

Protocol
DHCP

Hostname for requesting DHCP
Kasda

2. Static

To use a fixed IP Address to connect the Internet, select Static Protocol. Then click **switch protocol** to type in the parameters your ISP provide.

Common Configuration	
<div> General Setup Advanced Settings Physical Settings Firewall Settings </div>	
Status	Uptime: 0h 0m 0s  MAC-Address: 00:0E:F4:FD:16:FE RX: 1.86 MB (23416 Pkts.) TX: 112.58 KB (332 Pkts.)
Protocol	Static ▼
IPv4 address	<input type="text"/>
IPv4 netmask	<input type="text"/> ▼
IPv4 gateway	<input type="text"/>
IPv4 broadcast	<input type="text"/>
Use custom DNS servers	<input type="text"/> 
IPv6 assignment length	disabled ▼ ? Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface
IPv6 address	<input type="text"/>
IPv6 gateway	<input type="text"/>
IPv6 routed prefix	<input type="text"/> ? Public prefix routed to this device for distribution to clients.

IPv4 Address – enter the IPv4 address provided by your ISP. It is a necessity to connect Internet.

IPv4 netmask – enter the netmask provided by you ISP. It is a necessity to connect Internet.

IPv4 gateway – enter the gateway IP address provided by your ISP. It is a necessity to connect Internet.

Use custom DNS servers – enter the DNS (Domain Name System) server IP address provided by your ISP. If you have two or more DNS servers, you can click the add button behind to add.

3. PPPoE

If you use PPPoE connection, select PPPoE as your WAN Protocol and click Switch Protocol to confirm.

Interfaces - WAN

On this page you can configure the network interfaces. You can bridge several interfaces by ticking the "bridge interfaces" field and enter the names of several network interfaces separated by spaces. You can also use VLAN notation INTERFACE.VLANNR (e.g.: eth0.1).

Common Configuration

General Setup | Advanced Settings | Physical Settings | Firewall Settings

Status **RX:** 0.00 B (0 Pkts.)
pppoe-wan **TX:** 0.00 B (0 Pkts.)

Protocol:

Username: Username cannot be empty.

Password: Password cannot be empty.

Access Concentrator: Leave empty to autodetect

Service Name: Leave empty to autodetect

Save & Apply Save Cancel

Kasda Networks Inc.

Username – enter the username provided by your ISP. It is a necessity to connect the Internet.

Password – enter the password provided by your ISP. It is a necessity to connect the Internet.

Access Concentrator – enter the Access Concentrator if required by your ISP.

Service Name – enter the Service Name, if required by your ISP, or just leave it empty to autodetect.

Interface – LAN

Interfaces WiFi WPS DHCP and DNS Static Routes Firewall Diagnostics	
WAN WAN6 GUEST LAN	
Interfaces - LAN	
<p>On this page you can configure the network interfaces. You can bridge several interfaces by ticking the "bridge interfaces" field and enter the names of several network interfaces separated by spaces. You can also use VLAN notation INTERFACE.VLANNR (e.g.: eth0.1).</p>	
Common Configuration	
General Setup Advanced Settings Physical Settings Firewall Settings	
Status	Uptime: 1h 11m 39s MAC-Address: 00:0E:F4:FD:16:FD RX: 15.07 MB (80453 Pkts.) TX: 82.47 MB (91313 Pkts.) br-lan IPv4: 192.168.1.1/24 IPv6: FD78:9076:3211:0:0:0:1/60
Protocol	Static
IPv4 address	192.168.1.1
IPv4 netmask	255.255.255.0
IPv4 gateway	
IPv4 broadcast	
Use custom DNS servers	
IPv6 assignment length	60 <small>Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface</small>
IPv6 assignment hint	 <small>Assign prefix parts using this hexadecimal subprefix ID for this interface.</small>
DHCP Server	
General Setup Advanced Settings IPv6 Settings	
Ignore interface	<input type="checkbox"/> Disable DHCP for this interface.
Start	100 <small>Lowest leased address as offset from the network address.</small>
Limit	150 <small>Maximum number of leased addresses.</small>
Leasetime	12h <small>Expiry time of leased addresses, minimum is 2 minutes (2m).</small>

IPv4 Address / Netmask: this is the router IP address and subnet mask as seen on the Internet LAN. The default value is 192.168.1.1 for IP address and 255.255.255.0 for netmask.

Ignore interface – check it to disable the DHCP for this interface

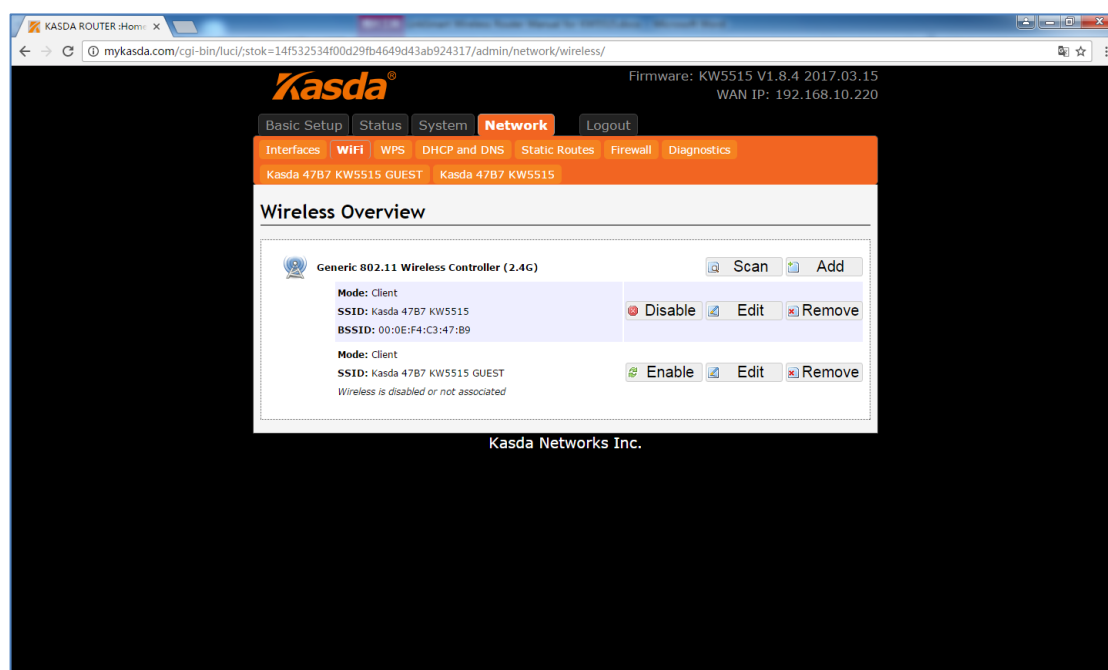
Start IP – lowest leased address as offset from network address

Limit – enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The absolute maximum is 253, possible if 192.168.1.2 is your starting IP address.

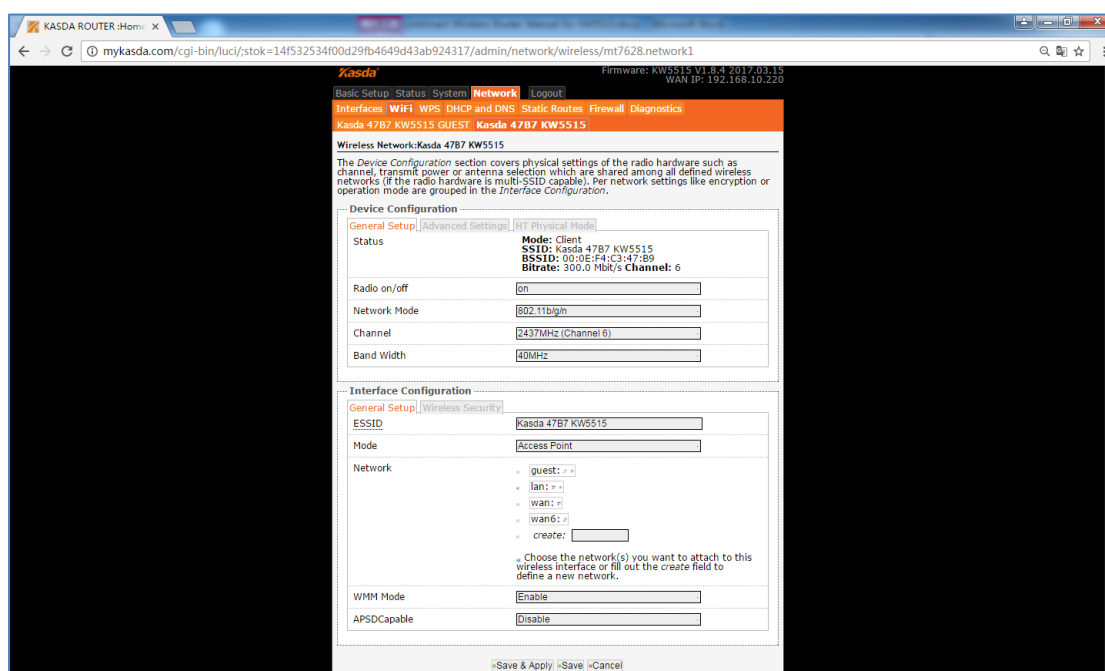
Lease time – enter the length of time, in minutes, that a DHCP client will be allowed to use a dynamic IP address. The default is 0 minute, which means one day. After this time is up, the client will be automatically assigned a new dynamic IP address, or the lease will be renewed.

6.3.2 WiFi

Click **“WiFi”**, you will go to the wireless overview page. There are four wireless SSIDs by default: 2.4GHz and Guest for 2.4GHz. On the overview page, you can **disable/enable, edit** and **remove** the WiFi SSID.



Click the **“Edit”**, and you will go the page where you can modify the parameters.



Radio on/off – when wireless clients survey the local area for wireless networks to associate with, they will detect the SSID radio by the router. To broadcast your router SSID, keep the default setting—on. If you do not want to broadcast the router SSID, then select off.

Network Mode – keep it default as 802.11b/g/n. If you have special demand, you can select the mode as you like.

Channel – this field determines which operating frequency will be used. It is not necessary to change the wireless channel unless you notice interference problems with another nearby access point. If you select auto, then router will choose the best channel automatically.

Bandwidth – the bandwidth of the wireless channel.

ESSID – it is the name of your wireless network. You can keep it default or rename it as you like.

Mode – when you set up the wireless network via Wizard Setup, it is Client mode by default. Most customers choose “Access Point”.

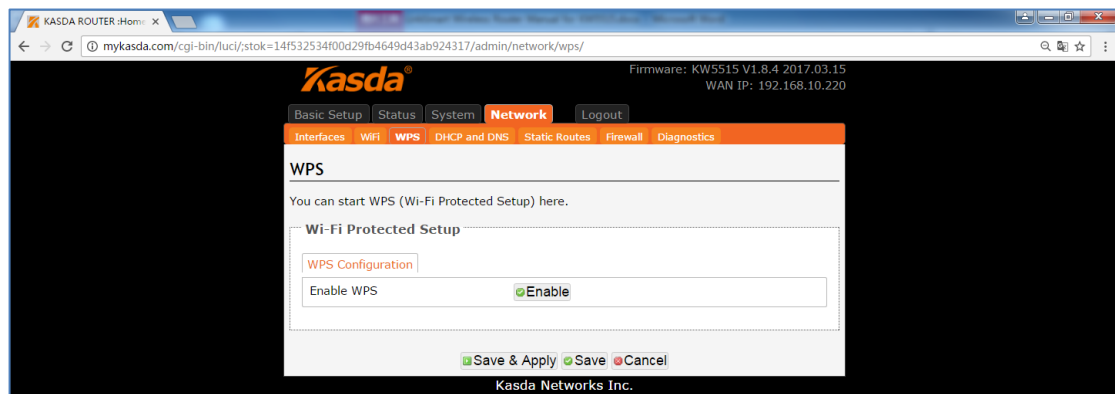
Network – Choose the network(s) you want to attach to this wireless interface or fill out the *create* field to define a new network.

WMM Mode – keep it default “Enable”.

APSDCapable – it is for power saving. Choose enable if you need or keep it default.

6.3.3 WPS

You can start WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) here by click the Enable button.



6.4 Logout

Click here for logging out your router and it will go back to the login page.

Appendix: Frequent Asked Questions

This chapter offers some suggestions to solve problems you might encounter. The potential problems are divided into 3 categories: Power, Hardware Connections, and LEDs; Device Access and Login; Internet Access.

1. Power, Hardware Connections, and LEDs

[None of the LEDs are on when power on the router.](#)

Please make sure what you use is the power adaptor attached with the router package and checks the connection between the AC power and router.

[LAN LED does not turn on after connect Ethernet cable.](#)

Please make sure Ethernet cable is connected hub/PC and router correctly. Then please make sure the PC/hub have been power on.

Please make sure that you use parallel network cable to connect UpLink port of hub, or use parallel network cable to connect PC. If connect normal port of hub (not UpLink port), you must use cross-cable. Please make sure that your network cables meet the networking requirements above.

2. Device Access and Login

[I forgot the password.](#)

1. You have to reset the device to its factory defaults and set your initial login password and keep it in mind.

[I cannot see or access the Login screen in the web configurator.](#)

1. Make sure you are using the correct IP address.

The default login address is **www.mykasda.com**.

If you have forgotten it, see the **Frequent Asked Questions** for **I forgot the IP address for the Router**.

Make sure you are using the correct IP address.

2. Check the hardware connections, and make sure the LEDs are behaving as expected.
3. Make sure your Internet browser does not block pop-up windows.
4. Make sure your computer is in the same subnet as the Router.

If there is a DHCP server on your network, make sure your computer is using a dynamic IP address.

If there is no DHCP server on your network, make sure your computer's IP address is in the same subnet as the router.

5. Reset the device to its factory defaults and reboot it again.

[My PC is unable to connect to the wireless connection.](#)

Please make sure that all devices communicating with the device must use the same channel (and use the same SSID). Otherwise your PC will not find the wireless Router.

3. Internet Access

[My PC cannot browse Internet web page.](#)

Please make sure DNS server appointed to the PC is correct. You can use ping application program to test whether the PC can connect to the DNS server of the operator.

If the cause is not given above, please contact your local service provider!